

# The work of adopting third-party bot applications for online community governance

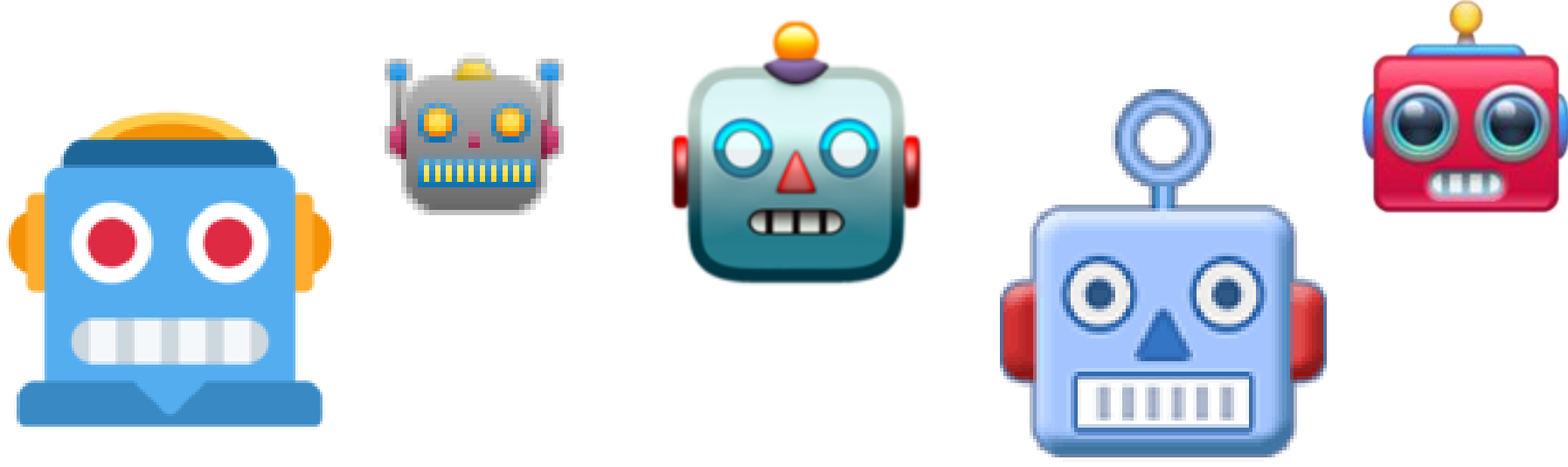


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## Introduction



Online communities often rely on bots to automate governance of their spaces [1], creating custom bots via platform APIs in examples of **end-user innovation** [2].

But not every community is able to develop a custom bot and instead adopt *existing* bots created by **third-party** developers, leading to potentially **misaligned or imperfect technical solutions** [3].

In lieu of custom bots:

- **How do community leaders decide to use the third-party bots that they use?**
- **What are the consequences of this decision-making process?**

## Research Design

**Empirical Setting.** Discord, a popular VoIP and synchronous chat-based community platform made up of communities called “servers”.

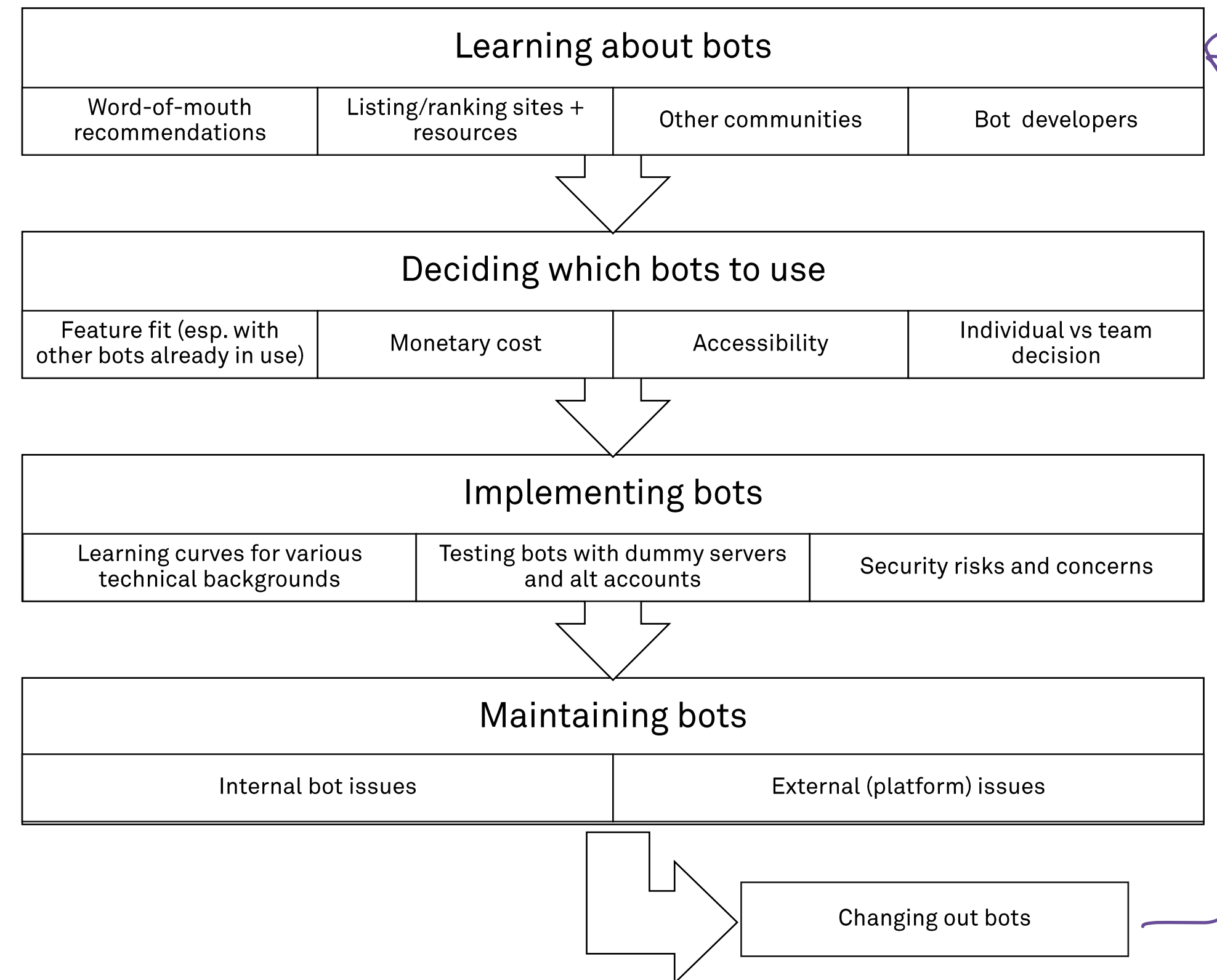
**Data.** 16 semi-structured interviews w/ former or current Discord server community leaders with experience adding bots.

**Method.** We conducted inductive line-by-line coding and thematic analysis following Braun & Clarke [4].



## Findings

Four key steps in adopting a bot:



We highlight 3 interconnected themes through these steps:

1. Framing **bots as critical governance infrastructures** emphasizes the layers of social and technical dependencies upon which they rely.
2. Community leaders using bots showed a **second-order form of innovation in their “bot stacking” strategy**, aka managing patchwork assemblages of multiple bots for communities.
3. We observed **“modularity tensions” in customizing with third-party software**:
  - a. Bots were modular but often still highly labor-intensive to adopt;
  - b. Functions made available through bots had isomorphic tendencies, limiting feature options.

## Design Implications and Future Directions

### For community leaders.

- Carefully evaluate bots for signals of reliability and good security practices.
- Making simple but flexible testing procedures can reduce start-up costs.

### For bot designers and developers.

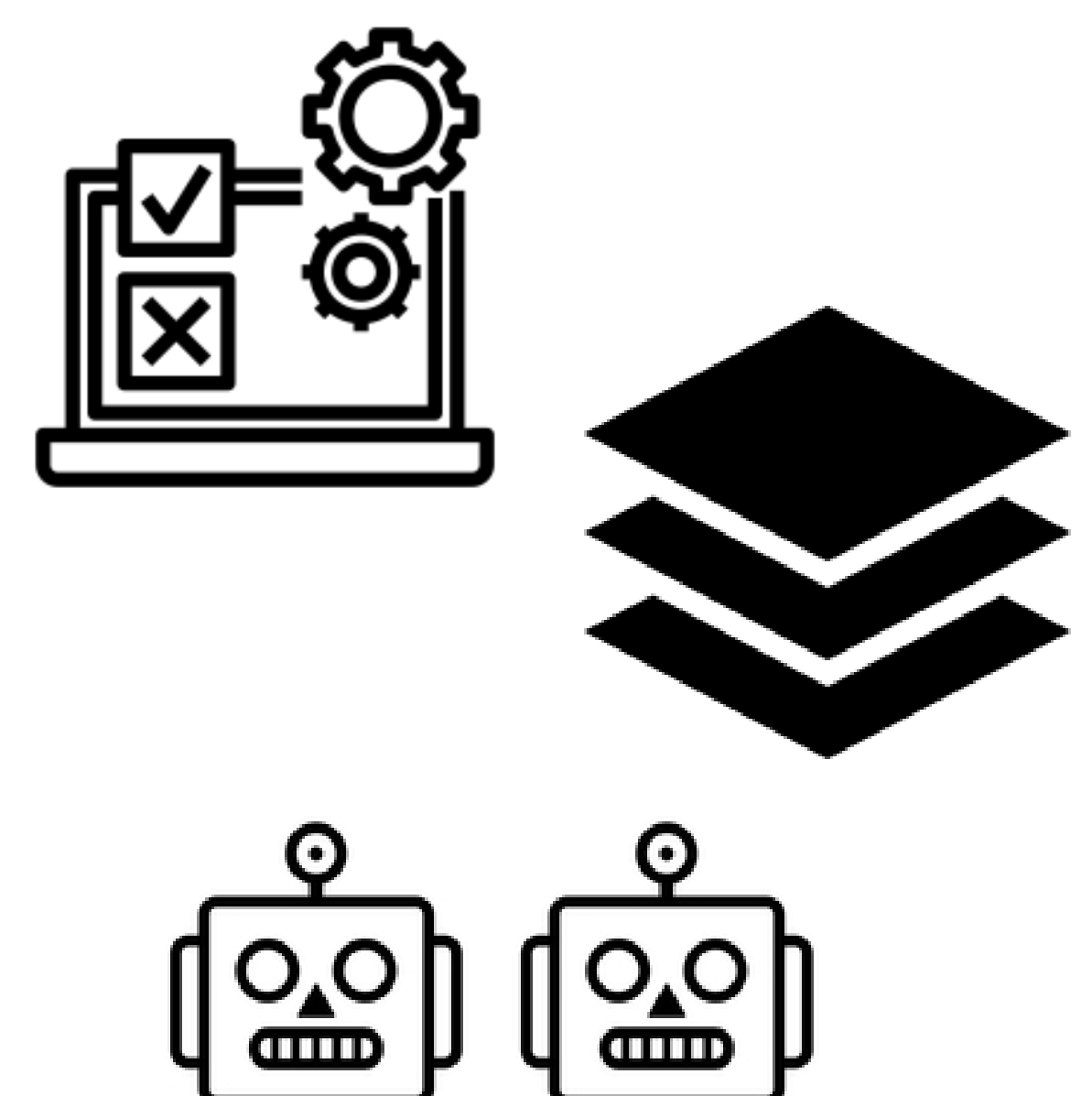
- Design and release compatible “stacks” of bots, similar to mod packs.
- Make guides accessible to diverse technical levels.

### For community platforms.

- Deploy common bot testing environments or standards for end-user and developer use.
- Develop resources to identify novel and unique bots, or likewise, similar bots.

### For future research.

- Characterize the ecosystem market that bots “compete” within to be selected.
- Identify mechanisms constraining available bot features, to generate new possibilities for governing with bots.



## Acknowledgements + References

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